

Writing Super Sentences

Review:

Simple Sentence (underline the subject/noun and box the predicate/verb)

Joe was late to the train station.

Compound Sentence (underline each independent clause (complete idea) and box the conjunction (word that connects them))

Joe was late to the train station, so he missed his train.

Complex Sentence (underline the independent clause and highlight the introductory clause)

Since Joe was late to the train station, he missed his train.

Types of Sentences:

Write one sentence of each type for the picture below.

Statement: _____

Question: _____

Exclamation: _____

Command: _____



Combining Sentences: Practice

You can combine two sentences by writing a compound sentence using a coordinating conjunction (FANBOYS) from the word bank below.

and	yet	nor	for
but	or	so	

Write a compound sentence using the sentence starter and FANBOY provided.

1) Karen heard a sound, and _____
_____.

2) Karen heard a sound, but _____
_____.

3) Karen heard a sound, so _____
_____.

4) She could turn around and go back, or _____
_____.

5) She could turn around and go back, but _____
_____.

Complex Sentences: Adding dependent clauses

Write a sentence about the picture below using each given sentence starter. Then, write your own sentences from the choice of opening words. Make sure you put a comma after the introductory clause.



1) While Jon's mother was making lunch, _____
_____.

2) Even though it was cold out, _____
_____.

3) Whenever the little boy saw his teddy bear, _____
_____.

Now write your own complex sentences, following the pattern:

Introductory clause + comma + dependent clause

Choose from the following words to begin your introductory phrase:

After	Although	Before	Since
Even though	Unless	Until	When
While	Though	Because	While



1) _____

2) _____

3) _____
